

Person-Centered Planning Indicators: Documentation Quality Review Tool

Documentation Indicator

yes no

The assessment (can include a psychosocial assessment/ assessment update/narrative summary/comprehensive psychiatric rehabilitation assessment, etc.) includes the person's strengths. Strengths include, but are not limited to: environmental strengths, positive previous treatment experiences, interests/hobbies, abilities and accomplishments, unique individual attributes, and recovery resources/assets.

The plan/plan update actively incorporates the person's identified strengths into the goals, objectives, or interventions.

The narrative summary includes at least 4 of 6 of the following required elements:

- Strengths, interests, and current and/or desired life roles and priorities
- Any interfering perpetuating factors, (e.g., trauma history, co-occurring medical or substance use disorders).
- Individual's stage of change
- Available natural supports or community resources
- Cultural factors and any impact on treatment
- A clinical hypothesis/understanding/core theme about what drives the individual's experience of illness and recovery

Note: If all 6 items are not included, please note missing elements here:

The goal statements on the plan/plan update are about having a meaningful life in the community, not only symptom reduction or compliance.

The plan/plan update includes interventions beyond the paid professional clinical/rehab services and notes self-directed action steps and/or action steps by natural supporters. (Note: These are typically identified within the assessment process and build upon the person's strengths.)

The plan/plan update uses "person-first" language (e.g., a "person living with schizophrenia" NOT a "schizophrenic") and/or the individual's name throughout the document.

The plan/plan update is developed collaboratively and there is evidence of direct input from the person (e.g., includes quotes from the individual and/or statements such as "Jose stated...")

There is evidence in the record that the person was offered a copy of their plan. (Note: This may be found in a progress note following the planning meeting or directly on the plan itself.)

The target dates of short-term objectives on the plan/plan update are individualized rather than all objectives defaulting to a standard update cycle, (e.g., every 90 days).

The plan/plan update describes attempts to help the person to connect with chosen activities in the community rather than relying on social supports coming solely from mental health agencies.